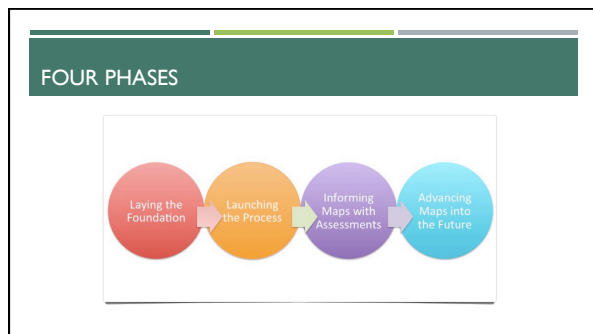


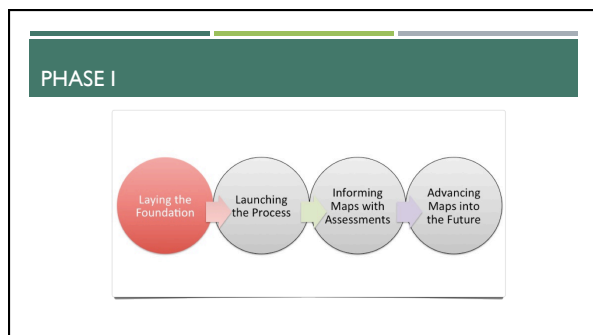
Common Terms		
Year Long Context Tool	Unit Curriculum Map	Modules
Shows when the standards are assessed for the purpose of examining student work as a faculty	Shows the Content, Skills, Assessments that are taught within a unit of study	Shows options for curriculum choices that can be a part of a unit of study
Big Picture View	Middle Picture View	Lesson level view
Helps find large gaps and redundancies vertically	Helps identify alignment, vocabulary relationships, evidence of standards	Helps build units of study that can be delivered at the building level

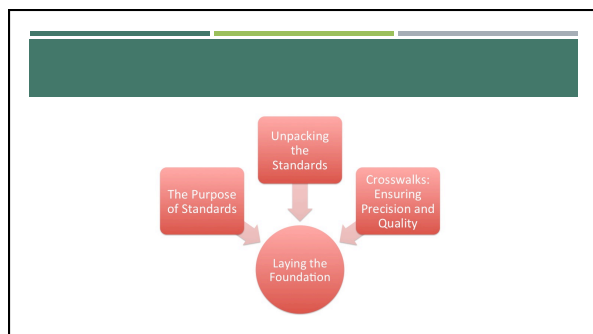
LEARNING SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES

Common Terms		
Year Long Context Tool	Unit Map	PD Map
Shows the Units for a given year and WHEN they are taught.	Shows the Content, Skills, Assessments that are taught within a Unit of study	Shows the Plan for faculty to develop and use maps.
Big Picture View	Middle Picture View	For faculty to know the support pieces in place to make this possible
Helps find large gaps and redundancies vertically	Helps identify alignment, vocabulary relationships, evidence of standards	Includes content, skills, and assessments
MPs = Mathematical Practices (8)		
CLIs = Capacities of a literate individual (7) College and Career Readiness Standards		

LEARNING SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES







PHASE I: CREATING YEAR LONG CONTEXT TOOL

Step 1: The Why?

Step 2: Examine CLIs & MPs (in introductions) for focus areas at grade level

Step 3: Examine Anchor Standards or Areas of Focus and grade level standards (Staircase K-12) for coherence and focus

Step 4: Prioritizing Grade Level Standards (B, M, E) dividing into potential units

Step 5: Link CLIs or MPs to units through natural connections to standards or themes

STEP 2: EXAMINE CLIS & MPS (IN INTRODUCTIONS) FOR FOCUS AREAS AT GRADE LEVEL

STEP 3: EXAMINE ANCHOR STANDARDS OR AREAS OF FOCUS AND GRADE LEVEL STANDARDS (STAIRCASE K-12) FOR COHERENCE AND FOCUS



Reading

Key Ideas and Details

[R.1](#) Inferences, cite from text, [Writing or Speaking](#)

[R.2](#) Central ideas or theme, [Analyze](#) main idea, Summarize

[R.3](#) [Analyze](#) development of elements of a text

Craft and Structure

[R.4](#) Vocabulary, [Analyze](#) word choice

[R.5](#) [Analyze](#) the structure of texts

[R.6](#) Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

[R.7](#) [Media](#), illustrations

[R.8](#) Delineate and evaluate the [Argument](#) and specific claims in a text,

[R.9](#) [Analyze](#) two or more texts

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

[R.10](#) Complex Texts

Writing

Text Types and Purposes¹

[W.1](#) Opinion / [Arguments](#)

[W.2](#) Informative / Explanatory

[W.3](#) Narratives

Production and Distribution of Writing

[W.4](#) Writing organization

[W.5](#) Revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

[W.6](#) [Media](#) publication and integration

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

[W.7](#) Short and sustained [Research](#)

[W.8](#) Multiple sources [Media](#)

[W.9](#) [Analysis](#), reflection, and [Research](#) from texts

Range of Writing

[W.10](#) Time (short and long periods) Reflections, [Research](#), Revision

Speaking & Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

[SL.1](#) Conversations **Speaking and Listening**

[SL.2](#) Media **Speaking and Listening**

[SL.3](#) Evaluate a speaker's point of view, **Listening**

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

[SL.4](#) Present information, **Speaking**

[SL.5](#) Present **Media Speaking**

[SL.6](#) Adapt speech **Speaking**

Language

Conventions of Standard English

[L.1](#) Grammar and usage when **Writing or Speaking**

[L.2](#) Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling **Writing**

Knowledge of Language

[L.3](#) Apply language, meaning or style

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

[L.4](#) **Vocabulary**, multiple-meaning words and phrases, **Analyzing** word parts

[L.5](#) Figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

[L.6](#) Academic and domain-specific **Vocabulary**, **Writing & Speaking**

PHASE I: CREATING YEAR LONG CONTEXT TOOL

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STEP 4: ORGANIZING YEAR LONG CONTEXT

- Identify standards you are working with
- Read the standards
- Identify if each one is a beginning of year, middle of year, or end of year standard.
- Build "piles" of standards that are connected in some way and can build assessments that make sense for learning.
- Identify central ideas or themes that are connected to these "piles" (MPs and CLIs are aligned here)

YEAR LONG CONTEXT TOOL

SAMPLE YEAR LONG CONTEXT – CONSIDER TIMING

	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun																												
Unit:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31							
Unit 1: Numbers and Operations—Base Ten	[Red bar]																																					
Unit 2: Fractions										[Red bar]																												
Unit 3: Operations and Algebraic Thinking																					[Red bar]																	
Unit 4: Geometry																																						
Unit 5: Measurement																																						

Sample from Rubicon Atlas Software

LITERACY SAMPLE...

Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2	Spiraled
RL 1-3 W3,W4 L1, SL 1			RI 1-3 W2,W5 SL 4		W4 L1, SL1
Unit 3			Unit 4		
RI 4-10 W1,W6 - 9 L2,L4,L6, SL 2, SL 5		RI 1-3 W4-5 L1,	RL 4-10 SL 6 L3, L5		RL 1-3 W1,W6-9 SL1, 4-5
Unit 5			Unit 6		
W10 SL 2, SL 3		RI 6-9 W6-9 SL 1, 4-6			RL 1-10 W3,W4-10 SL 4-6 L1-3

MATHEMATICS SAMPLE GRADE K...

Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2	Spiraled
CC 1,3,4a-c, 5 MD 2,3, 4 GI-2			CC 6,7 MD 1		CC 1,3,4a-c, 5 MD 2, 3 GI
Unit 3m			Unit 4		
CC 6,7 OA 1-4		CC1, 3, 4a-c, 5 MD 1-3 GI	G 4-6		CC1, 4a-c, 5, 6 MD 3 GI-2
Unit 5			Unit 6		
CC 2 OA 5 NBT 1		CC1, 3, 4a-c, 5, 6, 7 OA 1-4 MD 1, 3			CC 1-6 MD 3

MATHEMATICS SAMPLE GRADE 3...

Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2	Spiraled
NBT 1-3			OA 1-9		
Unit 3			Unit 4		
NF 1-3			GI-2		
Unit 5			Unit 6		
MD 1-8					OA3, OA7, OA8, NBT 2, 3, NF3, 3a, MD1

MATHEMATICS SAMPLE GRADE 5...				
Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2
OA 1, 2, 1 NBT 2, 5, 6			OA 1, NBT 1, 3a-b, 4, 7 NF 3	NBT 2, 5, 6
Unit 3			Unit 4	
NF 1, 2, 4a-b, 5a-b, 6, 7a-c		NF 3	MD 3a-b, 4, 5a-c	OA 1 NBT 5
Unit 5			Unit 6	
G3-4			OA 3 MD 1 GI-2	OA 1, 2 NBT 3a-b
Unit 7			Unit 8	
NF 6 MD 2		NBT 5-6		

ONE MORE POSSIBILITY...				
Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2
RL 1-3 W3, W4 LI, SL 1			RI 1-3 W2, W5 SL 4	W4 LI, SL1
Unit 3			Unit 4	
RI 4-10 W1, W6 - 9 L2, SL 2, 5		RI 1-3 W4-5 LI, SL1, 4	RL 4-10 SL 6 L3	RL 1-3 W1, W6-9 SL 4-5
Unit 5			Unit 6	
W10 SL 3		RI 6-9 W6-9 SL 1-2, 4-6	RL 1-10 W3, W4-10 SL 4-6 LI-3	

One more possibility...				
Introduction	Unit 1	Spiraled	Introduction	Unit 2
RL 1-3 W3, W4 LI, SL 1			RI 1-3 W2, W5 SL 4	W4 LI, SL1
Unit 3			Unit 4	
RI 4-10 W1, W6 - 9 L2, SL 2, 5		RI 1-3 W4-5 LI, SL1, 4	RL 4-10 SL 6 L3	RL 1-3 W1, W6-9 SL 4-5
Unit 5			Unit 6	
W10 SL 3		RI 6-9 W6-9 SL 1-2, 4-6	RL 1-10 W3, W4-10 SL 4-6 LI-3	

Grade 7 ELA YLC			
Introduction	Narrative	Informational	Spiral
RI 1-4, 10 W3, W4 L1a-c, SL 1		RI 1-4, 10 W2, W5 SL 4 L3a	W4 L1a-c, SL1
Argument / Informational		Argument / Literature	
RI 5-9 W1, W6-9b L2a-b, SL 2, 5	RI 1-4, 10 W4-5 L1a-c, SL1, 4	RL 5 (drama), RL 6-7 (media), 9 SL 3, 6 L5a-c	RI 1-4, 10 W1, W6-9a L3a
Research		Narrative	
W10 L4a-d	RI 8-9 W6-9b L6 SL 1, 4		RI 1-4, 5 (poetry), RL 6-7(poetry) 9-10 W3, 6-9a, 10 SL 2, 5

PHASE I: CREATING YEAR LONG CONTEXT TOOL


Step 1: The Why?

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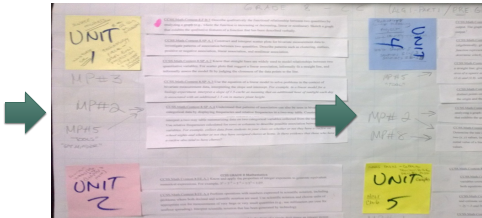
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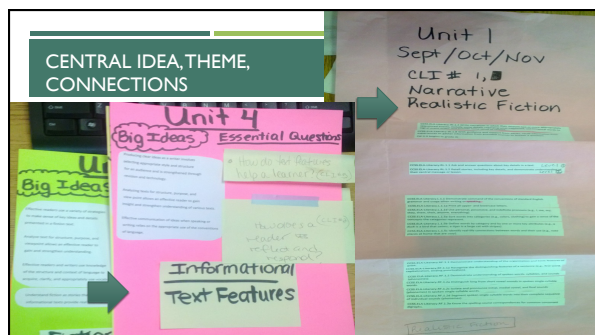
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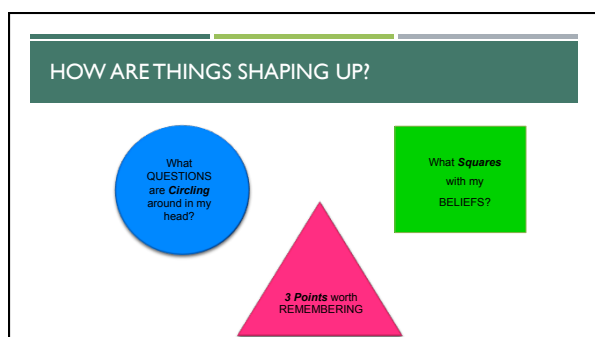
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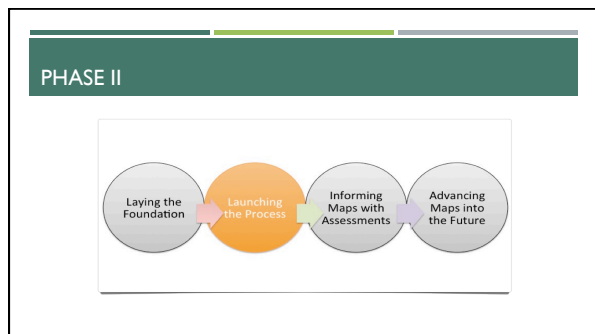


STEP 5: ALIGN MPS OR CLIS TO POTENTIAL UNITS













PHASE 2: CREATING UNITS OF CURRICULUM


Step 6: Aligning Central Ideas to Essential Questions and Assessments (Evidence)

Step 7: Unpacking standards into precise content and precise skills statements and align to Assessments (evidence)

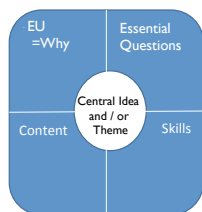
Step 8: Craft Key Terms, Activities, and all elements of the unit template

Step 9: Alignment and Revisions for quality

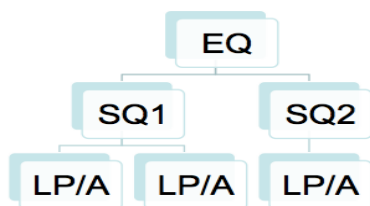
Step 10: Examine student work and refine curriculum delivery



STEP 6 : ALIGNMENT WITH PRE-MAPPING ACTIVITY



What is an Essential Question?



STEP 7 CONT.: UNPACKING THE STANDARDS

- **Identify** the standards for the unit
- **Underline** the verbs and **highlight** the nouns
- **Examine** the Verbs for preciseness – ask “What would this look like in the classroom?” and “What would I see the student do to produce evidence of this?” Change the verb if necessary.
- **Prioritize** the nouns into two groups:
 - 1) Items of content and
 - 2) Clarifiers that make the skills precise

STEP 7: PRECISE CONTENT AND SKILLS

- Content = nouns "the WHAT"
- Content = bulleted list Skills = action verbs "students DO"
- Skills = observable and measurable
- Skills = directly aligned to assessments

"That isn't what I meant when I said strip and wax the floor!"



Precise content and skills matter

Strand: Numbers and Operations – Fractions 5th Grade

Big Idea(s)/Major Concept(s)	Essential Questions	Core Content	Skills	Evidence
A quantity can be represented numerically in various ways. Problem solving depends upon choosing wise ways.	Why are there so many different ways to represent something? (MP # 7)	<p>A. Equivalent Fractions, adding and subtracting fractions with unlike denominators including mixed fractions</p> <p>B. Equivalent fractions (by denominators) Adding and subtracting fractions with the same denominator $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{b} = \frac{a+c}{b}$ or $\frac{a}{b} - \frac{c}{b} = \frac{a-c}{b}$</p> <p>C. Visual models visual fraction models or equivalent fractions mental estimation reasoning of answers</p>	<p>AB. Solving addition and subtraction problems with fractions with unlike denominators</p> <p>AB. Solving addition and subtraction problems using mixed numbers with unlike denominators</p> <p>AB. Reading given fractions with equivalent fraction products, the denominators</p> <p>AB. Solving word problems involving fraction with unlike denominators</p> <p>B. Students must use visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem</p> <p>AB. Estimating products and quotients of answers. Students must use benchmarks fractions and number sense of fractions to support answers.</p>	

Samples at LSA-PUBLIC.RUBICONATLAS.ORG under CCSS Math Grade 5

PHASE 2: CREATING UNITS OF CURRICULUM

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Step 7: Unpacking standards into precise content and precise skills statements and align to Assessments (evidence)

Step 8: Craft Key Terms, Activities, and all elements of the unit template

Step 9: Alignment and Revisions for quality

Step 10: Examine student work and refine curriculum delivery



STEP 9: DIAMONDS OF ALIGNMENT

- Essential Questions are answered by students and give evidence of the central ideas being understood.
- Children are metacognitively aware of their own learning process.
- Skills are observed and / or measured.
- Evidence of the standards are either tangible products or performances.

DIAMONDS OF ALIGNMENT

PHASE 2: CREATING UNITS OF CURRICULUM

Step 6: Aligning Central Ideas to Essential Questions and Assessments (Evidence)

Step 7: Unpacking standards into precise content and precise skills statements and align to Assessments (evidence)

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STEP 10: ASSESSMENTS / EVIDENCE

- Assessments are answers to the Essential Questions. These will be **evidence of both the standards and the Central Ideas**.
- Assessments are **tangible products or performances** of the Skills (**if we say "list" in skills there is a "list" in assessments**)
- Assessments are **summative or formative**
- Assessments are **DIRECTLY** aligned to the Standard – labeled right in the unit map.
- Collect Student work to evaluate the unit and refine going forward



NEXT STEPS

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What aspects will you use immediately? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What are your next steps for taking action? |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What do you and your colleagues still need? | |
